into the wood in the middle of a dry day without being wetted through. Added to all this is the quantity of fallen branches, sticks and whole trunks of trees, which rot upon the ground, and the inside of which is frequently already converted into rich earth, even if their outer bark has been preserved as a thin and light fragile crust. Thus the outer conditions requisite for the growth and origin of the fungi (heat, moisture, and abundance of decaying organic substances) are always present in the tropical woods; and indeed we find these woods decorated with manifold forms of fungi throughout the whole year, without its being possible to observe at any particular time a more frequent occurrence, as in the autumn of the temperate zones. Even the individual species are limited to no time, and the occurrence of the same species is uninterruptedly continued. On the other hand, the fungi are not found in the tropics in such groups; they are less sociable than in our climate, where in autumn they principally enliven the woods. They here occur more scattered and isolated, although found at every period of the year; and it is the parasitic *Polypori*, which are especially numerous on the branches of the trees, that delight the eye by their brilliant colours. In central Europe the Agarici terrestres prevail, and determine the physiognomy of an autumnal wood.

[To be continued.]

PROCEEDINGS OF LEARNED SOCIETIES.

ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

May 13, 1845.—William Yarrell, Esq., Vice-President, in the Chair. "Descriptions of new species of Land Shells, from the collection of Hugh Cuming, Esq.," by Dr. Louis Pfeiffer:—

1. Helix grandis, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, globoso-turbinatá, solidá, ponderosá, striatá, nigricanti-rufá, epidermide griseo-fuscescente fasciatim obductá; spirá conicá, apice pallidá; anfractibus 6 vix convexiusculis, ultimo spirá breviore, basi inflato, fortius striato; columellá verticali, brevi, subtortá; aperturá latè lunari, intus margaritaceá; peristomate nigricante, latè expanso, margine basali incrassato, reflexo, cum columellari valdè dilatato, albido angulum obtusum formante.

Diam. 68; alt. 58 mill.

Found at Bangui, province of North Ilocos, island of Luzon, by H. Cuming, Esq.

2. Helix Gmeliniana, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, globosodepressá, solidulá, irregulariter rugoso-malleatá, carinatá, nitidá, pallide viridi, ad suturam et infra carinam albo-cingulatá; spirá subelevatá, apice obtusá, albidá; anfractibus 4½ vix convexiusculis, sensim accrescentibus, ultimo non descendente, basi planiusculá; aperturæ angulato-lunari; peristomate subincrassato, margine supero breviter expanso, antrorsum arcuato, basali reflexo, columellari declivi, dilatato, albo-calloso.

Diam. 23; alt. 13 mill.

Found at Bayambong, island of Luzon, by H. Cuming, Esq.

3. Helix Linnæana, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, depressá, utrinque convexiusculá, acute carinatá, pallide fulvá, superne rugosomulleatá, basi minute et oblique rugulosá; anfractibus 5½ lente accrescentibus, planulatis, ultimo basi subinflato, antice vix descendente; umbilico majusculo, cylindrico; aperturá angulato-lunari, ad carinam canaliculatá; peristomate incrassato, carneo, marginibus callo junctis, supero brevi, expanso, basali arcuato, reflexo, columellari breviter descendente, subdilatatá.

Diam. 62; alt. 28 mill.

Locality unknown. Mus. Cuming.

4. Helix Chemnitziana, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, depressá, solidá, superne radiatim plicato-malleatá, undique granulosá, sub epidermide olivaceo-rufá, acute carinatá; spirá subelevatá, obtusá; anfractibus 5 planis, ultimo basi convexo; aperturá subtriangulari, intus nitidá, carneá; peristomate carneo, margine supero subexpanso, basali reflexo, dente unico valido instructo, columellari stricto, dilatato, adpresso, inæqualiter pluridentato.

Diam. 57; alt. 26 mill.

Locality unknown. Mus. Cuming.

5. Helix Baineridgii, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, depressá, subdiscoideá, solidá, striatá, undique granulatá, cinnamomeá, basi pallidá; spirá vix elevatá, obtusá; anfractibus 5½ planis, ultimo rotundato, basi vix convexo; aperturá perobliquá, lunato-subtriangulari, intus nitidá, carneá; peristomate subincrassato, carneo, marginibus callo junctis, supero late expanso, basali reflexo, dente unico, valido, complanato instructá, columellari perdilatato, umbilicum mediocrem semi-occultante.

Diam. 64: alt. 26 mill.

Found at Demerara by Mr. Bainbridge. Mus. Cuming.

6. Helix Martiniana, Pfr. Hel. testá obteste perforata, discoideá, acute carinatá, solida, striatá et minutissime granulata, olivaceo-fuscá; spirá depressá; anfractibus 5 planulatis, ultimo non descendente, basi inflato, antice profunde scrobiculato; aperturá depressá, late angulato-lunari, intus lacteá; peristomate albo, incrassato, marginibus callo tenui junctis, supero expanso, basali reflexo, dentibus 2 conjunctis, columellari dilatato, dentibus 2 inæqualibus armato.

Diam. 34: alt. 14 mill.

From the island of Jamaica. Mus. Cuming.

7. Helix Schroeteriana, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, depressá, lenticulari, acutè carinatá, solidá, obsoletè granulatá, luteolá, utrinque rufo-latefasciatá; spirá subelevatá; anfractibus 5 planulatis, ultimo anticè deflexo, basi inflato, anticè profundè scrobiculato; aperturá subhorizontali, ellipticá; peristomate incrassato, latè expanso, reflexo, fusco-carneo, marginibus callo junctis, supero leviter arcuato, basali dilatato, umbilicum augustum semitegente, intus 3-4-dentato; dentibus 2 majoribus basi junctis, 1-2 minoribus propè columellam.

Diam. 31; alt. 14 mill.

From the island of Jamaica; Mr. P. Gosset. Mus. Cuming.

Intermediate between *H. tridentina*, Fér., and *H. Martiniana*, Pfr. The position of the teeth is the same, but from the former it is at once to be distinguished by the sharp keel, from the latter by the deflexion of the last whorl.

8. Helix Bruguieriana, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, turbinatoglobosá, solidá, nigro-castaneá, epidermide hydrophaná, fuscá strigatá, sursum pallescente obductá; spirá conoideá, apice obtusá, purpureá, nitidá; anfractibus 5 convexiusculis, ultimo non descendente, basi vix convexo, denudato; columellá intrante, obliquá, strictiusculá, planatá, albá; aperturá lunato-ovali, intus lacteá; peristomate simplice, brevissimè reflexiusculo, intus nigro-marginato.

Diam. 29; alt. 24 mill.

Collected on the island of Tablas by H. Cuming, Esq.

9. Bulimus gilvus, Sow. Bul. testá imperforatá, ovatá, solidulá, striatá, sub epidermide gilvá rufescens; spirá apice obtusá, nudá, pallidá; anfractibus 6 convexis, ultimo spirá paulò breviore; columellá strictiusculá, albá, subexcavatá; aperturá obliquá, lunato-ovali, intus lacteá; peristomate subincrassato, breviter reflexo, margine dextro arcuato, columellari adpresso.

Long. 54; diam. 38 mill.

Collected in several varieties on the island of Bohol, by H. Cuming, Esq.

Geomelania, nov. gen.

Testa imperforata, turrita; apertura integra, effusa; peristoma simplex, reflexum, ad basin appendiculo porrecto instructum.

10. Geomelania jamaicensis, Pfr. Geom. testá truncatá, turritá, arcuatim costatá, nitidá, albá; anfractibus 6 convexis, ultimo \frac{1}{3} longitudinis subæquante; aperturá ovali, intus nitidá; peristomate simplice, margine dextro sinuoso, basi in appendiculum linguiformem porrecto, columellari adpresso.

Long. 12; diam. 4 mill.

Found at Jamaica, "Savanah la Mar," under stones in earth, by M. Attanasio. Mus. Cuming.

11. Tomogeres turbinatus, Pfr. Tom. testa rimata, compressoturbinata, tenui, lævissimè striatula, pallidè corned, nitidula; spiraturbinata, acutiuscula; anfractibus 5 convexis, ultimo spiram vix æquante, à latere compresso, basi subangulato, anticè adscendente, subtùs constricto, serobiculato; aperturat verticali, subauriformi, ferè clausa; peristomate latè expanso, tenui, margine dextro arcuato, internè lamina valida, supernè bifida, munito, basali obliquè descendente, tridentato; pariete aperturali lamellis 3 inæqualibus armato.

Diam. maj. 11, min. $7\frac{1}{2}$; alt. 10 mill.

Hab. In Brasiliâ.

This interesting shell is nearly allied with Tomogeres clausus, Spix,

but easily to be distinguished by the substance of its shell, by the raised spire and the thin peristome, characters quite constant in all specimens known.

May 27.—William Yarrell, Esq., Vice-President, in the Chair.

Mr. Gould exhibited to the Meeting four new species of Birds from Australia, which he characterized as follows:—

Ardea (Herodias) picata. Ard. capite superiore, occipite, plumis occipitalibus, corpore superiore, caudd, alisque cæruleo-nigris; mento, nuchâ, pectore, et quibusdam plumis a pectore dependentibus albis.

Upper part of the head, occiput, occipital plumes, the whole of the plumage of the body, wings and tail bluish slaty black; chin, neck, chest and some of the lanceolate feathers dependent therefrom white; some few of the lanceolate feathers on the neck and breast have one web white and the other web bluish slaty black; the remainder of these lanceolate feathers are the same colour as the body; irides yellow; bill, legs and feet greenish yellow. In young specimens the whole of the under surface is white.

Total length, 17 inches; bill, $3\frac{1}{4}$; wing, 10; tail, $3\frac{1}{2}$; tarsi, $3\frac{1}{4}$. Hab. Port Essington.

Colluricincia parvula. Col. corpore superiore, caudá, alisque olivaceo-brunneis; subtùs pallidè cerviná; medio plumarum gulæ et pectoris vittá latá brunneá ornato.

All the upper surface, wings and tail olive-brown; a faint line over the eye and the chin white; all the under surface pale buff, the feathers of the throat and breast with a broad stripe of brown down the centre; irides dark brownish red; bill blackish grey; tarsi bluish grey.

Total length, 7 inches; bill, 1; wing, 4; tail, $3\frac{1}{4}$; tarsi, 1.

Hab. Port Essington.

This is the smallest species of the genus yet discovered.

Melithreptus melanocephalus. Mel. toto capite, guld, et maculá semilunari apud latera pectoris saturate nigris; corpore superne flavo-olivaceo pectore albo.

The whole of the head and throat, and a semilunar mark on either side of the chest, deep glossy black; all the upper surface yellowish olive, becoming brighter on the rump; wings and tail brownish grey, with lighter margins; breast white; remainder of the under surface greyish white; bill black; irides reddish brown; feet brown; bare skin over the eye pearly white, slightly tinged with green.

Total length, $5\frac{1}{4}$ inches; bill, $\frac{9}{16}$; wing, 3; tail, $2\frac{5}{8}$; tarsi, $\frac{3}{4}$.

Hab. Van Diemen's Land.

Hemipodius scintillans. Hem. corpore superne pallide castaneo, singulis plumis fasciis latis brunneo-nigris ornatis; marginibus plumarum cinereis; intra margines lineis angustis nigris et albis ornatis; tectricibus alarum et tertiariis pallide castaneo-rubris balteis irregularibus ziczac fasciatis; interspatiis balteorum cinereo-albis; mento genisque albis maculá semilunari brunnea ad

apicem singulæ plumæ; pectore et corpore inferiore pallidè cervinoalbis; plumis pectoris ordine macularum saturatè grisearum ad

marginem ornatis.

Upper surface light chestnut-red, all the feathers crossed by broad bars of brownish black and margined with grey, within which are two narrow lines of black and white; wing-coverts and tertiaries light chestnut-red, crossed by irregular zigzag bars of black, the interspaces margined externally with greyish white; chin and sides of the face white, with a narrow crescent-shaped mark of brown at the tip of each feather; sides of the breast chestnut, each feather tipped with white, within which is an indistinct mark of deep black; chest and under surface pale buffy white, the feathers of the chest with a row of dark grey spots on each margin, giving that part a speckled appearance; primaries brown, narrowly edged with white; irides reddish orange; feet yellow; bill horn-colour.

Total length, male, 5 inches; bill, $\frac{11}{16}$; wing, $3\frac{1}{4}$; tarsi, $\frac{11}{16}$. Fe-

male, 6 inches; bill, $\frac{3}{4}$; wing, $3\frac{1}{2}$; tarsi, $\frac{3}{4}$.

Hab. Houtmann's Abrolhos, off the western coast of Australia.Remark.—Like the rest of the genus, the male is much inferior in size to the female. The species is very nearly allied to, but much

smaller than, Hemipodius varius.

"Description of twenty-two new species of Land-Shells, belonging to the collection of Mr. H. Cuming," by Dr. L. Pfeiffer:—

Helix Gruneri, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, depressá, supernè planiusculá, minutissimè punctato-striatá, rufá; anfractibus 5½ sensim crescentibus, planiusculis, ultimo rotundato, anticè vix deflexo; umbilico angusto, pervio; aperturá subverticali, depressá, latè lunari; peristomate incrassato, reflexo, marginibus cullo tenui, supernè dentem arcuatum, validum, callosum formante junctis.

Diam. 38, alt. 18 mill.

Locality unknown. A beautiful shell, next allied to *H. unguicula*, De Férussac, differing by the strong and arcuated tooth on the body of the penultimate whorl.

2. Helix Okeniana, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, orbiculari, utrinque convexiusculá, obtusè carinatá, undique regulariter granulatá, supernè fuscá, basi pallidá; anfractibus 5½ rotundatoplanatis, ultimo anticè deflexo, basi profundè biscrobiculato; aperturá subhorizontali, ellipticá, coarctatá; peristomate carneo-fusco, incrassato, marginibus callo junctis, supero expanso, basali reflexo, tridentato; dentibus æquidistantibus, 2 minoribus prope columellam, tertio majore supernè sulcato.

Diam. 37, alt. 17 mill.

Found on the island of Jamaica at Savannah la Mar, by M. Attanasio. To be distinguished from *H. lucerna*, Müll., by having three teeth at the basal margin of the aperture.

3. Helix neogranatensis, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, depressá, carinatá, tenui, undique minute granulosá, saturate rufá; spirá vix elevatá; anfractibus 4½ planiusculis, ultimo basi convexo, an-

tice deflexo, constricto; aperturá perobliquá, lunato-rotundatá; peristomate carneo, simplice, expanso, reflexiusculo, marginibus callo tenui junctis, basali obsoletissime unidentato, columellari brevi, dilatato, adpresso.

Diam. 34, alt. 15 mill.

Found in the mountain Quendeu at New Granada.

4. Helix cinerascens, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, globoso-turbinatá, tenuiusculá, stramineá, fasciis 2 latis et areá basali nigricantibus ornatá, epidermide tenui, hydrophaná, cinereá, obductá; spirá breviter turbinatá, apice obtusá; anfractibus 5½ convexiusculis, ultimo basi inflato; columellá subarcuatá, carneo-fuscá; aperturá rotundato-lunari, intus albá; peristomate breviter expanso, subincrassato, castaneo-limbato.

Diam. 41, alt. 37 mill.

Found by H. Cuming, Esq. at the island of Masbate.

5. Helix Turbo, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, turbinatá, solidiusculá, distinctè striatá, sub epidermide tenuissimá, deciduá, flavescente albá, medio rufo-fasciatá; spirá brevi, conoideá, obtusá; anfractibus 5 convexis, ultimo obsoletè angulato, basi vix convexo; columellá strictá, dilatatá, albidá; aperturá irregulariter lunari; peristomate expanso, margine columellari dilatato, reflexo, rimam formante, cum basali angulatim juncto.

Diam. 43, alt. 35 mill. Hab. Isle of Mindoro.

6. Helix unicolor, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, depressá, acute carinatá, tenui, fuscá, superne subtiliter striatá, subtús lineis nonnullis spiralibus elevatis munitá; spirá depresso-conoideá; anfractibus 5 planiusculis, sensim accrescentibus, ultimo antice non descendente, basi convexo, ad umbilicum angustum abrupte angulato; aperturá rhomboideá; peristomate saturate fusco, marginibus callo tenuissimo junctis, supero dilatato, expunso, basali ascendente, stricto, columellari brevi, dilatato, umbilicum semi-occultante, cum basali angulatim juncto.

Diam. 32, alt. 16 mill.

Locality unknown. Constantly distinguished from H. Xystera, Valenc., by its narrow umbilicus, elevated spire, and the number of its whorls.

7. Helix omphalodes, Pfr. Hel. testá late umbilicatá, depressá, solidá, leviter striatulá, sub epidermide flavescente, deciduá albá, ad peripheriam et suturam rufo-cingulatá; spirá vix convexá; anfractibus 5 planiusculis, ultimo antice vix descendente, basi paulo convexiore, circa umbilicum magnum, spiralem, intus castaneum subcompresso; aperturá perobliquá, lunato-ovali; peristomate breviter reflexo, fusco, marginibus conniventibus.

Diam. 41, alt. 16 mill.

Locality unknown.

8. Helix involuta, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, depressá, supernè convexiusculá, basi planiusculá, medio impressá, tenuissimá, Ann. & Mag. N. Hist. Vol. xvi. 2 B striatulă, nitidissimă, corncă, fusco-radiată; anfractibus plane involutis, ultimo antice oblique depresso; apertură depressă, lunato-oblongă; peristomate simplice, recto, marginibus utrinque centro testă insertis, dextro antrorsum arcuato-dilatato.

Diam. 18, alt. $7\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Found on the mountains of Quendeu in New Granada.

9. Helix campanula, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, globosá, solidá, subtiliter et regulariter obliquè striatá, castaneá; spirá semiglobosá, apice obtuso, pallido; anfractibus 4½ convexiusculis, ultimo antecedente vix latiore, anticè vix descendente, medio pallidè cingulato; aperturá perobliquá, lunato-ovali, intus livescente; peristomate fusco, subincrassato, breviter reflexo, marginibus callo junctis, basali introrsum obsoletè albo-unidentato, extrorsum dilatato, umbilicum angustum, profundum semi-occultante.

Diam. 27, alt. 21 mill. Locality unknown.

10. Helix labiata, Pfr. Hel. testă aperte perforată, depressă, tenui, striatulă, superne lineis concentricis obsolete decussată, basi lævigată, nitidă, fulvă; spiră planiusculă; anfractibus 6 subplanulatis, ultimo dilatato, depresso; apertură late lunari; peristomate acuto, intus calloso-labiato, margine supero antrorsum rotundato, basali plane arcuato, columellari vix reflexiusculă.

Diam. 40, alt. 20 mill.

Locality unknown. Distinguished from *H. citrina*, Linn., by the concentrical striæ, the number of its whorls, and the callus within the aperture.

11. Helix Hanleyi, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, depressá, lenticulari, acute carinatá, tenui, subtilissime decussatá, nitidá, sulphureá, ad suturam et carinam albo-fasciatá; spiræ parum elevatá; anfractibus 4 subplanulatis, ultimo antice angulatim deflexo, constricto; aperturá parvulá, horizontali, oblongá; peristomate simplice, undique expanso et reflexo, marginibus fere contiguis.

Diam. 19, alt. 9 mill.

3. Testa superne nigricanti-purpurea, ad aperturam albo-fasciata,

basi albidá, infra carinam castaneo-fasciatá.

Found by Mr. Cuming at Sinait, island of Luzon. This fine shell is not unlike some varieties of the *Hel. bifusciata*, Lea, but constantly to be distinguished from that species by the angular deflection of its last whorl and by the shape of its small aperture.

12. Helix amæna, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, globoso-depressá, lineis longitudinalibus et spiralibus sub lente decussatá, albidá, fusciá unicá spadiceá supra peripheriam et lineá rufá, suturali ornatá; anfractibus 4 vix convexiusculis, ultimo obsoletè angulato, anticè deflexo, basi parùm convexá; aperturá transversè lunarioblongá, intus concolore; peristomate simplice, marginibus subparallelis, dextro expanso, basali anticè reflexo, ad columellam dilatato, adpressè reflexo.

Diam. 18, alt. $10\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Found by Mr. Cuming at Catanauan, island of Luzon. This spe-

cies is likewise similar to several unkeeled varieties of *Hel. bifasciata*, but by examining a large number of specimens of this and the other ones, I found the above characters to be invariably constant.

13. Helix Metcalfii, Pfr. Hel. testa late umbilicata, depressa, discoidea, acute carinata, striatula, pallide vel rufescenti-cornea, utrinque juxta carinam albam castaneo-unifasciata; spirá vix elevata; anfractibus 6 vix convexiusculis, ultimo antice vix descendente; aperturá subtriangulari; peristomate simplice, margine supero antrorsum arcuatim dilatato, depresso, basali ad columellam leviter arcuato.

Diam. 21, alt. 7 mill.

 β . Minor, flavida, lineis angustis nigricanti-rufis juxta carinam. Diam. 17, alt. $5\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

γ. Unicolor, fusco-cornea. Diam. 15, alt. 5 mill.

Found by Mr. Cuming on the Philippine Islands and at Sibonga, island of Zebu; β . at Tanhay, island of Negros; γ . on the island of Siquijor. Distinguished from all species belonging to the same group by its flattened shape.

14. Helix tristis, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, ovato-globosá, tenvi, striatá, lineis concentricis obsoleté decussatá, olivaceo-fuscá, rufo 5-fasciatá; spirá parvulá, conoideá; unfractibus 4 convexiusculis, ultimo inflato; aperturá lunato-ovali, intus nitidá; peristomate simplice, recto, margine columellari dilatato, reflexo, adpresso.

Diam. 21, alt. 18 mill.

This species is said to be found in Sicily, but there may be a mistake.

15. Helix Adamsii, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, orbiculato-convexiusculá, leviter striatulá, nitidissimá, fulvescenti-luteá, unicolore vel fasciis saturate fulvis et castaneis multimode ornatá et radiatá; spirá convexiusculá, obtusá; anfractibus $3\frac{1}{2}-4$ vix convexiusculis, ultimo basi planiore; aperturá rotundato-lunari; peristomate simplice, acuto, margine columellari subobliquo, dilatato, albo.

Diam. 12, alt. 6½ mill.

Hab. Pitcairn's Island and Opara. Collected by Mr. Cuming. The late patriarch of the island pointed out this shell to Mr. Cuming, and at his request I have the pleasure to dedicate it to the venerable man's memory.

16. Helix bahamensis, Pfr. Hel. testá anguste umbilicatá, depressá, tenui, corneá, costulato-striatá; spirá brevi, convexiusculá;
anfractibus 4½ vix convexiusculis, ultimo antice deflexo; aperturá
subhorizontali, transverse ovali; peristomate simplice, tenui, marginibus approximatis, supero breviter expanso, basali reflexo, intus
dente triangulari, valido munito, columellari dilatato, reflexo, umbilicum augustum, pervium semitegente.

Diam. 17, alt. $7\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Hab. Bahamas.

Helix bermudensis, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, lenticulari,
 B 2

tenuiusculd, carinată, leviter ruguloso-striată, pallide fulvescente, cingulo castaneo supra et lutiore infru carinam ornată; anfractibus 7 vix convexiusculis, lente accrescentibus; umbilico angusto, pervio; apertură subtrapeziă; peristomate simplice, recto, margine columellari verticali, brevi, reflexiusculo, cum basali angulum rectum formante.

Diam. 19, alt. 101 mill.

Hab. Bermuda.

18. Helix Pennantiana, Pfr. Hel. testá angustè umbilicatá, orbiculato-conoideá, acute carinatá, tenui, striatulá, irregulariter et leviter malleatá, unicolore carneá, apice rufescente; anfractibus 5½ vix convexiusculis, ultimo anticè vix descendente, basi planiusculo; aperturá perobliquá, angulato-lunari, intus albá; peristomate roseo, laté expanso, margine basali reflexo, columellari brevi, strictiusculo, dilatato, umbilicum ferè tegente.

Diam. 37, alt. 20 mill. Hab. Philippine Islands?

Nearly allied to *H. labium*, Fér., from which it may easily be distinguished by its sharp keel and sculpture.

19. Bulimus Leopardus, Pfr. Bul. testá imperforatá, ovatá, solidiusculá, longitudinaliter confertim costulato-striatá, fulvá, strigis et maculis albidis epidermidis hydrophanæ eleganter variegatá; spirá brevi, conoideá, sursum pallescente; anfractibus 5 convexis, rapidè accrescentibus, ultimo spiram superante; columellá elongatá, introrsum acutá; aperturá umplissimá, rotundato-ovali, intus albá; peristomate latè expanso, reflexiusculo, castaneo-limbato.

Long. 47, diam. 30 mill.

Hab. Isle of Mindanao, Philippine Islands.

20. Bulimus egregius, Pfr. Bul. testá perforatá, fusiformi, solidulá, striis longitudinalibus confertis et lineis spiralibus remotioribus subdecussatá, nitidá, flammis custaneis pellucidis et fulvis, opacis egregiè pictá; unfractibus 6 vix convexiusculis, ultimo spiram turritam æquante, basi compresso; columellá subangulatoarcuatá; aperturá oblongá, utrinque acutá, intus lividá; peristomate vivide rubro, late expanso, breviter reflexo, basi canaliculato, marginibus callo tenui junctis.

Long. 41, diam. 15 mill.

Locality unknown. Distinguished from B. goniostoma, Sow., by its size, colouring and widely expanded peristome.

21. Bulimus canaliculatus, Pfr. Bul. testá umbilicatá, oblique fusiformi, ruguloso-striatá, nitidá, albido, carneo et spadiceo murmoratá; spirá turrito-conicá, acutá; anfractibus 7 vix convexius-culis, ultimo spirá vix longiore, basi valde constricto-carinato; columellá arcuatim antrorsum elonyatá; aperturá ovali, basi canaliculatá; peristomate simplice, tenui, margine dextro vix expansiusculo, columellari dilatato, reflexo.

Long. 37, diam. 14 mill.

Hab. Bolivia.

22. Bulimus castaneus, Pfr. Bul. testa vix perforata, ovato-

acuminatá, solidiusculá, longitudinaliter confertim striatá, lineis spiralibus distantioribus decussatá, unicolore castaneá; spirá brevi, conicá, acutiusculá; anfractibus $4\frac{1}{2}$ vix convexiusculis, ultimo inflato, 2-3 longitudinis subæquante; columellá tenui, subsimplice; aperturá ovali, intus saturate fuscá, nitidá; peristomate vix incrassato, brevissime reflexo, marginibus callo tenui junctis, columellari vix dilatato.

Long. 70, diam. 39 mill.

Hab. Nova Granada; Vegas on the river Quendeu.

Nearly allied to Bul. Gibbonius, Lea; distinguished by its transverse striæ, closed umbilicus, peristome, etc.

"Description of a new species of Amphipeplea," by Dr. L. Pfeiffer. The shell I am describing belongs to the genus of freshwater shells distinguished by Nilsson from Limnœus under the name of Amphipeplea, and sufficiently characterized by the shape and habits of its animal, perfectly agreeing with our new species, according to Mr. Cuming's information, who first discovered it, and by whose name I am pleased to illustrate the species.

Amphipeplea Cumingiana, Pfr. Amph. testá ovato-globosá, tenuissimá, longitudinaliter confertim striatulá, nitidissimá, pellucidá, pallide corneá; spirá brevissimá, mucronulatá, callo tenui semiobtectá; columellá nullá; margine anfractuum interno arcuato, appendice membranaceo (deciduo) munito; aperturá amplissimá, semi-ovali, margine supero breviter arcuato, patente.

Long. 30, diam. 22 mill.; apertura 26 mill. longa.

Found at Naga, province of South Camerines, island of Luzon, by H. Cuming, Esq.

June 10 .- Rev. John Barlow in the Chair.

"Descriptions of twenty-two new species of *Helix*, from the collections of Miss Saul, — Walton, Esq., and H. Cuming, Esq.," by Dr. Louis Pfeiffer:—

1. Helix pachystyla, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, globosá, solidá, ponderosá, striatá, lineis concentricis decussatá, albá, epidermide sordidè viridi, nigricanti-radiatá indutá; spirá brevi; anfractibus 5 celeriter accrescentibus, ultimo globoso, anticè breviter deflexo; columellá obliquâ, dilatatá, callosá, albá, obsoletè et latè unidentatá; aperturá irregulariter lunato-rotundatá, intus lacteá; peristomate recto, intus subincrassato, margine basali reflexiusculo.

Diam. 43, alt. 37 mill.

Locality, New Zealand. Similar to *H. pomum*, Pfr., from which it may be distinguished by its transverse striæ, and by being quite imperforate. (Coll. Metcalfe.)

2. Helix euryomphala, Pfr. Hel. testă umbilicată, orbiculatoconvexă, tenui, pellucidă, virenti-corneă, superne regulariter costulato-striată, lineis concentricis obsolete decussată, basi remotius striată, nitidissimă; spiră parum elevată, obtusă; anfractibus 6 convexiusculis, ultimo dilatato, subdepresso, antice non descendente; umbilico magno, pervio ; aperturá oblique lunato-ovali, intus margaritaceá ; peristomate recto, simplice, marginibus conniventibus.

Diam. 37, alt. 17 mill.

Locality, Cuba.

To be distinguished from *H. laxata*, Fér., by the number of its whorls, forming a more elevated spire, by the last whorl not deflected and less dilated, &c. (Coll. Cuming.)

3. Helix micans, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, globosá, tenui, fragili, striatulá, lineis confertissimis obsolete decussatá, diaphaná, albidá; spirá parvulá; anfractibus 4 planiusculis, rapide accrescentibus, ultimo inflato; columellá tenui, intrante, excavatá; aperturá rotundato-lunari; peristomate simplice, recto, margine dextro antrorsum subarcuato.

Diam. 28, alt. 19 mill.

Found at S. Juan, province of Cagayan, island of Luzon, on bushes, by H. Cuming, Esq.

This shell might easily be taken for an enormous species of Vitrina.

4. Helix Forbesti, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, discoideá, tenui, obliquè confertim striatá, unicolore rufá; spirá planiusculá; anfractibus 5 convexis, ultimo basi convexiore, anticè vix descendente, obtusè angulato, supernè obsoletè impresso; umbilico magno, spirali; aperturá perobliquá, rotundato-lunari; peristomate simplice, acuto, albido-carneo, intus subincrassato, margine supero latè expanso, basali reflexo, columellari subdilatato.

Diam. 41, alt. 14 mill.

Locality unknown. (Coll. Walton.)

5. Helix rubicunda, Pfr. Hel. testá perforatá, depressè turbinatá, rugoso-striatá, obsoletè et minutissimè granulatá, subepidermide corneá, deciduâ rubicundá; anfractibus 5½ subplanulatis, ultimo medio obtusè angulato, basi convexiore; aperturá obliquè lunari; peristomate simplice, recto, margine dextro antrorsum subdilatato, columellari dilatato, reflexo, perforationem semi-occultante.

Diam. 27, alt. 15 mill.

Locality unknown. (Coll. Walton.)

6. Helix Saulie, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, globoso-depressá, solidiusculá, obliquè striatá, fulvidá, medio fasciá unicá albá, utrinque rufo-marginatá ornatá; spirá brevi, obtusá; anfractibus 4 vix convexiusculis, ultimo basi subplanato, anticè subitò deflexo, circa umbilicum angustum, pervium rufo; aperturá perobliquá, lunato-ovali; peristomate breviter reflexo, marginibus conniventibus, callo tenui junctis, columellari castaneo, valdè dilatato, umbilicum ferè occultante.

Diam. 32, alt. 20 mill.

Locality unknown. (Coll. Cuming. et Saul.)

7. Helix rhombostoma, Pfr. Hel. testá imperforatá, trochiformi, tenuiusculá, obliquè striatulá, lineis confertissimis concentricis subdecussatá, nitidulá, albido-fulvescente, fasciis castaneis plurimis ornata; spira brevi, conica, apice acuta; anfractibus 5 planiusculis, ultimo acutè carinato, basi vix convexo, anticè paràm deflexo, à latere subcompresso; apertura rhombea; peristomate violacco, margine supero expanso, supernè impresso, columellari stricto, dilatato, plano, adpresso.

Diam. 28, alt. 15 mill.

Locality unknown. (Coll. Saul. et Metcalf.)

8. Helix planissima, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, depressissimá, lenticulari, tenui, utrinque obliquè rugoso-costatá, albidá, subtùs interdum corneo-fasciatá; unfractibus 5½ convexiusculis, acutè carinatis (cariná compressá, prominente, serratá), ultimo anticè vix descendente, basi convexiore, circa umbilicum mediocrem, spiralem subangulato; aperturá depressá, angulato-lunari; peristomate simplice, margine basali planè arcuato, reflexo.

Diam. $11\frac{1}{2}$, alt. $4\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Locality unknown. (Coll. Walton.)

Similar to *H. amanda*, Rossm., from which it may be distinguished by its thin and flattened shell, its umbilicus, and the peristome not thickened.

9. Helix filicosta, Pfr. Helitestá subobtecte perforatá, depressoglobosá, regulariter costatá (costis filiformibus), tenuiusculá, carneo-albidá, lineis fuscis obsoletis cinctá; anfractibus 4½ convexis, ultimo antice deflexo; aperturá lunuto-orbiculari; peristomate acuto, intus subincrassato, labiato, marginibus conniventibus, callo introrsum diffuso roseo junctis, dextro vix expanso, columellari dilatato, reflexo, roseo.

Diam. 14, alt. 9 mill.

Locality unknown. (Coll. Saul.)

10. Helix retifera, Pfr. Hel. testá umbilicatá, obtusè trochiformi, striato-plicatulá, lineis nonnullis concentricis elevatis reticulatá, carinatá, diaphaná, pallidè corneá; spirá elevatá, obtusá; anfractibus 6½ planiusculis, ultimo basi subplanulato, striato; umbilico mediocri, pervio; aperturá depressá, securiformi; peristomate simplice, acuto, margine supero brevi, basali planè arcuato.

Diam. 7, alt. 4 mill.

Locality unknown. (Coll. Metcalf.)

11. Bulimus Grayanus, Pfr. Bul. testá gracili, turritá, solidulá, longitudinaliter subtilissimè striatá et liueis impressis spiralibus subdecussatá, cinnamomeá; spirá turritá, apice valde attenuatá; anfractibus 6 vix convexiusculis, ultimo \(\frac{2}{3}\) longitudinis subaquante, anticè deflexo, soluto, dorso et basi carinato, lateribus scrobiculato; aperturá angustá, oblongá, basi canaliculatá; peristomate simplice, undique expanso, dentibus 7 marginem non attingentibus armato; 3 in latere dextro, 4 in sinistro, summo tuberculiformi, secundo valido, lamelliformi.

Long. 35, diam. 11 mill.

Locality, Brazils.

Nearly allied to Bul. odontostoma, Sow., but quite distinct from the two varieties figured by Férussac. (Coll. Cuming.)

12. Bulimus coarctatus, Pfr. Bul. testâ rimato-perforată, ovatoacută, solidă, albidă, lineis interruptis, fuscis cingulată; spiră conică, acută; anfractibus 6½ planulatis, ultimo convexiore, spiram æquante; apertură angustă, oblongă, coarctată; columellă incrassată, tuberculată; peristomate late expanso, margine dextro introrsum incrassato, acute prominente, medio sinuolato, cum columellari dilatato, reflexo, patente angulatim juncto.

Long. 34, diam. 17 mill.

Locality unknown.

Nearly allied to B. signatus, Desh.

13. Bulimus Deshayesii, Pfr. Bul. testā umbilicatā, turritā, solidā, striatulā, violascenti-albā, strigis et maculis violascenti-fuscis irregulariter signatā; suturā subcrenulatā; anfractibus 9 vix convexiusculis, ultimo $\frac{1}{3}$ longitudinis subæquante; columellā subrectā; aperturā ovali, intus violaccā; peristomate simplice, recto, margine columellari dilatato, fornicatim reflexo, rimam umbilicarem non occultante.

Long. 45, diam. 15 mill.

Locality unknown. (Coll. Cuming.)

14. Bulimus Thompsonii, Pfr. Bul. testá imperforatá, ovatooblongá, solidulá, longitudinaliter striatá, fusco-olivaceá; spirá conicá, apice obtusá, rubrá; anfractibus 6, supremis planulatis, purpureo-strigatis, ultimo spiram æquante; suturá albo-marginatá, crenulatá; columellá rectá (non tortá), leviter arcuatá; aperturá oblongo-ovali, intus lividá; peristomate subincrassato, recto, intus nigro-limbato, marginibus callo castaneo junctis, basali cum columellá basin attingente subangulatim juncto.

Long. 70, diam. 31 mill.

Locality, Quito. (Coll. Cuming.)

Nearly allied to B. Taunaysii.

15. Bulimus Siquijorensis, Pfr. Bul. testá imperforatá, ovatooblongá, tenui, fulvá, epidermide pallide fuscá elegantissimè marmoratá et flammatá; spirá conicá, obtusá, apice nudá, rufescente;
anfractibus 6 vix convexiusculis, ultimo spirá vix breviore, subangulato; columellá subtortá, longitudinaliter biangulatá, introrsum acutá; aperturá oblongo-subpyriformi, intus albidá; peristomate tenui, breviter expanso, margine dextro deorsum dilatato,
basali cum columellari angulum obsoletum formante.

Long. 52, diam. 25 mill.

Locality, island of Siquijor (Philippines). Collected by Mr. Cuming.

16. Achatina semisculpta, Pfr. Achat. testá tenui, ovato-clongatá, longitudinaliter regulariter striatá, fuscescenti-albidá, strigis fulgurantibus rufis pictá; spirá conicá, apice obtusiusculá, lineis confertis concentricis regulariter granulosá; anfractibus 7½ convexiusculis, ultimo spiram subæquante, usque ad peripheriam lineis impressis distantioribus decussato; columellá subrectá, abruptè truncatá; aperturâ ovali-acutá; peristomate simplice, recto.

Long. 55, diam. 23 mill.

Locality, Africa, Loanda, coast of Benguela. (Coll. Cuming.)

17. Achatina reticulata, Pfr. Achat. testá oblongo-acutá, solidá, ponderosá, longitudinaliter confertim plicatá, sulcis concentricis profundè reticulatá, albidá, castaneo-marmoratá et maculatá; spirá elongatá, acutá, supernè minutè granulatá; suturá subcrenulatá; anfractibus 8 parùm convexis, ultimo 3 longitudinis subæquante; columellá crassá, albá, arcuatá, abruptè truncatá; aperturá utrinque attenuatá, oblongo-ovali.

Long. 160, diam. 70 mill.

Locality, Africa. (Coll. Cuming.)

18. Achatina papyracea, Pfr. Achat. testá ovato-oblonga, tenui, striis longitudinalibus et concentricis obsoletè decussatá, diaphaná, fulvá, castaneo obsoletè marmoratá; spirá conicá, apice obtusa; suturá marginatá; anfractibus 5½ vix convexiusculis, ultimo spiram vix superante; columellá subrectá, basin aperturæ ferè attingente, obliquè truncatá, lineá purpureá ornatá; aperturá ovali, intus margaritaceá.

Long. 66, diam. 30 mill.

Locality, banks of the river Nun in Africa. (Coll. Cuming.)

19. Achatina fusiformis, Pfr. Achat. testá ovato-fusiformi, tenui, longitudinaliter confertim costulatá, lineis transversis minute reticulatá, fulvidá, saturatius strigatá; spirá conicá, acutiusculá, apice rubescente; suturá marginatá; anfractibus 7-8 convexiusculis, ultimo spiram paulò superante, basi attenuato; columellá leviter arcuatá, abrupte truncatá, rubellá; aperturá angustá, oblongá; peristomate simplice, repando, margine rubicundo.

Long. 87, diam. 35 mill.

Locality, mountain of Coban, Vera Cruz, Central America. (Coll. Cuming.)

This species, as well as the next following, may perhaps belong to

the genus Glandina.

20. Achatina costulata, Pfr. Achat. testá ovato-fusiformi, tenui, longitudinaliter confertim et regulariter costulatá, diaphaná, fulvorubellá, strigis parvis saturatioribus ornatá; spirá pyramidali, acutá; suturá sulco parallelo crenulato-marginatá; anfractibus 8 vix convexiusculis, ultimo spiram vix æquante; columellá subrectá, abruptè truncatá; aperturá oblongá, utrinque attenuutá, intus margaritaceá.

Long. 72, diam. 31 mill.

Locality, mountains of Quendeu, New Granada. (Coll. Cuming.)

21. Glandina nigricans, Pfr. Glan. testá ovato-oblongá, solidiusculá, minutissimè striatulá, nitidissimá, nigricante, strigis remotis angustis fulvis ornatá, basi corneo-luteá; spirá conicá; suturá virenti-marginatá; anfractibus 7 planulatis, ultimo 3/5 longitudinis æquante; columellá arcuatá, callosá, obliquè truncatá, basin aperturæ non attingente; aperturá angustá, semiovali, intus concolore.

Long. 35, diam. 16 mill.

Locality, Vera Cruz, in Central America. (Coll. Cuming.)

22. GLANDINA MONILIFERA, Pfr. Glan. testá fusiformi-ovatá, tenui, pellucidá, regulariter costulato-striatá, costulis in medio anfractús ultimi evanescentibus, fulvo-rosea, lineis remotis rufis pallide marginatis ornata; spira brevi, conica; sutura eleganter et confertim granulosa; anfractibus 7 planiusculis, ultimo 3 longitudinis subæquante, ventroso; columellá vix arcuatá, basi abrupte truncatá: aperturá angustá, semiovali.

Long. 29, diam. $14\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Locality, mountains of Coban, Vera Cruz, Central America. (Coll. Cuming.)

A number of Birds'-skins from Australia were presented to the Society by Jeremiah Olive, Esq.

The Secretary exhibited to the Meeting a specimen of Sand Grouse, Tyrrhaptes paradoxus, and five specimens of Mammals (all of which were new to the Society's collection), from the Altai Mountains of Siberia, viz.:-

> Meriones opimus, Aspalax Zokar, Mustela Altaica, Dipus Jaculus, Mygale moschata.

Mr. Gould laid upon the table a series of Terns, and characterized a new species :-

Sterna gracilis. St. summo capite et nucha posteriore saturatè nigris; lateribus nuchæ et parte inferiore seriaceo-albis; pectore et abdomine leviter rosaceis; rostro carnicolore, apice brunneo-

nigro; pedibus aureo-fuscis.

Crown of the head, nape and back of the neck deep black; sides of the neck and all the under surface silky white, with a blush of rosy red on the breast and abdomen; back, wings and tail light grey, becoming darker on the primaries; irides brownish red; bill fleshcolour, except at the tip, where it is washed with blackish brown; feet orange-red.

Total length, 13 inches; bill, $2\frac{1}{8}$; wing, $8\frac{1}{2}$; tail, $6\frac{1}{2}$; tarsi, $\frac{3}{4}$. Hab. The Houtmann's Abrolhos, off the western coast of Australia.

MICROSCOPICAL SOCIETY.

Oct. 15, 1845.—J. S. Bowerbank, Esq., F.R.S. &c., in the Chair. A paper by H. Deane, Esq., being a continuation of a former communication, read at the last meeting of the Society, "On Fossil

Xanthidia found in Chalk," was read.

After a brief summary of the former paper, in which he stated that various species of the genus Xanthidium had been found by him in the Folkstone chalk, Mr. Deane went on to state that this discovery, by affording the means of isolating and mounting these bodies in various ways for examination, suggested to him the possibility of ascertaining their true nature. Their minuteness and other obvious